





### REGIONAL SPECIALISED METEOROLOGICAL CENTRE-TROPICAL CYCLONES, NEW DELHI TROPICAL WEATHER OUTLOOK

#### DEMS-RSMC TROPICAL CYCLONES NEW DELHI DATED 28.11.2024

## SPECIAL TROPICAL WEATHER OUTLOOK FOR THE NORTH INDIAN OCEAN (THE BAY OF BENGAL AND THE ARABIAN SEA) VALID FOR THE NEXT 120 HOURS ISSUED AT 0700 UTC OF 28.11.2024 BASED ON 0300 UTC OF 28.11.2024.

#### Sub: Deep Depression over Southwest Bay of Bengal

The Deep Depression over Southwest Bay of Bengal remained practically stationary during past 6 hours and lay centred at 0300 UTC of the 28th November 2024 over the same region near latitude 9.1°N and longitude 82.1°E, about 100 km east-northeast of Trincomalee (43418), 310 km southeast of Nagappattinam (43347), 410 km southeast of Puducherry (43331) and 480 km south-southeast of Chennai (43279).

It is very likely to move nearly north-northwestwards skirting Sri Lanka coast during next 12 hours. Thereafter, it will continue to move north-northwestwards and cross north Tamil Nadu-Puducherry coasts between Karaikal and Mahabalipuram around 0300 UTC of 30th November as a deep depression with a wind speed of 50-60 Kmph gusting to 70 Kmph. There is a possibility of marginal intensification of the deep depression into a Cyclonic Storm with wind speed 65-75 Kmph gusting to 85 Kmph over southwest Bay of Bengal between 1200 UTC of 28th November and 0000 UTC of 29th November.

The system is being tracked by DWR Karaikal. A continuous watch is being maintained for the movement and intensification of system.

Estimated Central Pressure in association with the system is 999 hPa and associated maximum sustained wind speed is 30 kts gusting to 40 kts. Sea condition is likely to remain very rough to High over southwest Bay of Bengal & along and off Sri Lanka coast till 29<sup>th</sup> November. Rough to very rough sea condition is likely along & off Tamil Nadu - Puducherry and South Andhra Pradesh coasts till 29<sup>th</sup> November. Rough to very rough sea condition is also likely over adjoining west central Bay of Bengal till 29<sup>th</sup> November.

Sea condition is likely to be rough to very rough over southwest Bay of Bengal & adjoining areas of westcentral Bay of Bengal, Gulf of Mannar & along and off Tamilnadu, Puducherry & Srilanka coasts till 1200 UTC of 30<sup>th</sup> November. The sea condition could be very rough to high over southwest Bay of Bengal during 1200 UTC of 28<sup>th</sup> November to 0000 UTC of 29<sup>th</sup> November.

As per latest satellite imagery, intensity of the system is characterized as T2.0. Associated scattered to broken low and medium clouds with embedded intense to very intense convection lay over south & adjoining central Bay of Bengal and neighborhood between latitude 7.0N to 17.0N and longitude 80.0E to 92.0E, Sri Lanka, Palk Strait, Gulf of Mannar, Coastal Tamil Nadu and Coastal Andhra Pradesh. Minimum cloud top temperature is minus 80-93°C.

| Date/<br>Time (UTC) | Position<br>(Lat. <sup>⁰</sup> N/ long. <sup>⁰</sup> E) | Maximum sustained surface<br>wind speed (Kmph) | Category of cyclonic<br>disturbance |
|---------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| 28.11.24/0300       | 9.1/82.1  | 55-65 gusting to 75                            | Deep Depression                     |
| 28.11.24/0600       | 9.6/82.0  | 55-65 gusting to 75                            | Deep Depression                     |
| 28.11.24/1200       | 10.0/81.8   | 60-70 gusting to 80                            | Cyclonic Storm                      |
| 28.11.24/1800       | 10.4/81.6   | 65-75 gusting to 85                            | Cyclonic Storm                      |
| 29.11.24/0000       | 10.7/81.3   | 60-70 gusting to 80                            | Cyclonic Storm                      |
| 29.11.24/1200       | 11.3/80.7   | 55-65 gusting to 75                            | Deep Depression                     |
| 30.11.24/0000       | 11.7/80.1   | 50-60 gusting to 70                            | Deep Depression                     |
| 30.11.24/1200       | 12.1/79.5   | 40-50 gusting to 60                            | Depression                          |

Forecast track and intensity are given in the following table

#### **Remarks:**

The area of higher SST lying to the eastern side of the system has relatively cooled down because of the continuous rainfall over the region, upwelling and very slow movement of the system. As a result the system is not intensifying. The system is over an area with sea surface temperature (SST) about 29°C. Further the SST is likely to be relatively less along & off the Tamil Nadu coast. The total precipitable water imagery is indicating warm moist air around system area. However, colder air incursion is seen in the southwest sector. The tropical cyclone heat potential is less than 40 KJ/cm<sup>2</sup> over southwest & adjoining westcentral BoB along & off Sri Lanka/Tamil Nadu/ Andhra Pradesh coasts. The increase in barrier layer depth over the southwest BoB may also lead to marginal weakening near coast. The land interactions with Sri Lanka coast is also inhibiting intensification of system.

Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) is in phase 4 with amplitude more than 1 and would move across phase 5 from 29<sup>th</sup> onwards. Presence of Equatorial Rossby Waves over south BoB, MJO, strong westerly wind anomaly over south BoB and easterly wind anomaly to its north over South & adjoining central BoB during 28<sup>th</sup> -30<sup>th</sup> November indicate a favourable environment for marginal intensification of system.

There is a trough in westerly over north and central India extending between  $18^{\circ}N/70^{\circ}E$  to  $35^{\circ}N/82^{\circ}E$ . In its association, there is a jet stream over cental and northeast India. There is also an anticyclonic circulation over Myanmar. As a result the upper level divergence is seen in northeast sector and the cloud mass has also been sheered to the northeast of system area. Low level positive cyclonic vorticity at 850 hpa level is around  $100x10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$  over the system area and is extending up to 500 hPa level. The low level convergence is around  $20 \times 10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$  to the northeast of system area. Upper level divergence is around  $50x10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$  to the northeast of system centre. Vertical wind shear is moderate to high (20-25 kt) over the system area. However, as the ssyetm moves north and northwards, it is likely to enter into a zone of low (5-10 kt) wind shear during 28<sup>th</sup> 1200 UTC to 29<sup>th</sup> 0000 UTC. During this period the system may show marginal intensification. Thereafter, it will become high to the north of 10°N and along the Tamil Nadu coast leading to weakening of the system as it moves towards the Tamil Nadu coast. The system is being steered north-northwestwards along the periphery of upper tropospheric ridge near  $12^{\circ}N$  in association with anticyclonic circulation over Myanmar. The trough in westerly is blocking further northwestwards movement of the system.

Various environmental features are indicating favourable environment (high SST, low wind shear, convergence, divergence and vorticity) for marginal intensification of system during 28/1200 to 29/0000 November. However, various features like land interactions, high wind shear, lower SST, lower thermal energy, cold dry air incursion into the system area from Indian mainland would lead to gradual weakening as it moves towards Tamil Nadu coast.

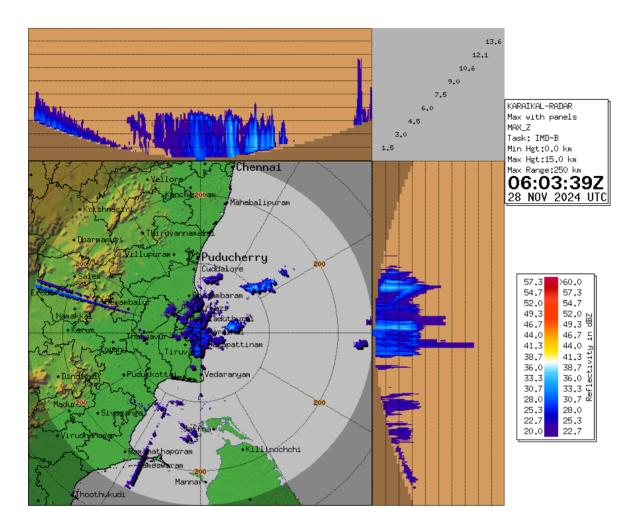
There is still lack of consensus among various models with respect to movement and intensity. Some of the models are indicating intensification into marginal cyclonic storm during 28<sup>th</sup> /1200 UTC to 29<sup>th</sup> /0000 UTC. However, most of the models are indicating gradual weakening of the system thereafter as it moves towards the coast.

It is inferred that the deep depression over Southwest Bay of Bengal is very likely to move nearly north-northwestwards skirting Sri Lanka coast during next 12 hours. Thereafter, it will continue to move north-northwestwards and cross north Tamil Nadu-Puducherry coasts between Karaikal and Mahabalipuram around 0300 UTC of 30<sup>th</sup> November as a deep depression with a wind speed of 50-60 Kmph gusting to 70 Kmph. There is a possibility of marginal intensification of the deep depression into a Cyclonic Storm with wind speed 65-75 Kmph gusting to 85 Kmph over southwest Bay of Bengal between 1200 UTC of 28<sup>th</sup> November and 0000 UTC of 29<sup>th</sup> November.

#### Next bulletin will be issued at 0900 UTC of 28<sup>th</sup> November, 2024.

(Monica Sharma) Scientist D, RSMC, New Delhi

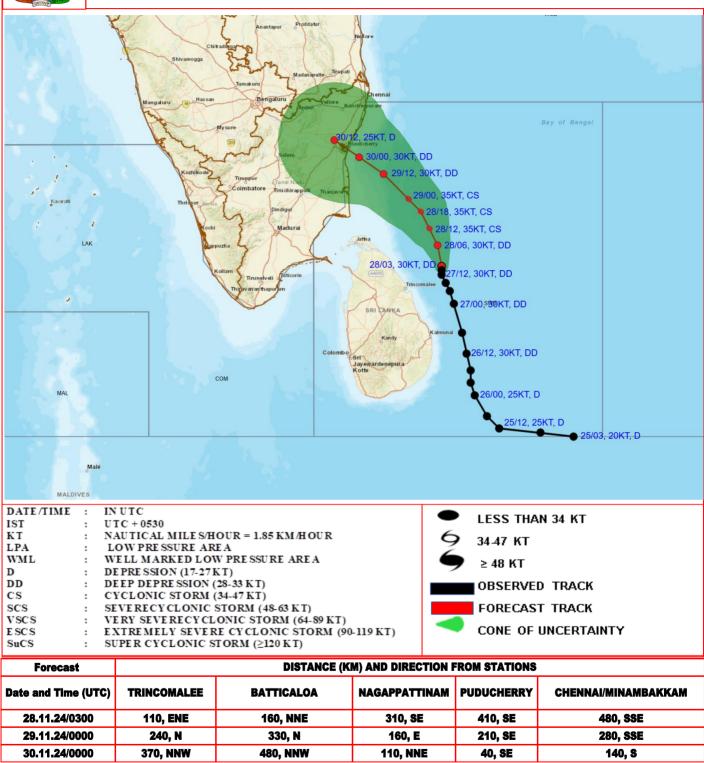
SAT : INSAT-3DR IMG 28-11-2024/(0515 to 0542) GMT IMG\_TIR1\_TEMP 10.8 um 28-11-2024/(1045 to 1112) IST L1C Merc **DEEP DEPRESSION** (9.1°N/82.1°E) 22°N 20°N 18°N 6°N 4°N 8°N Celsius IMD,DELHI



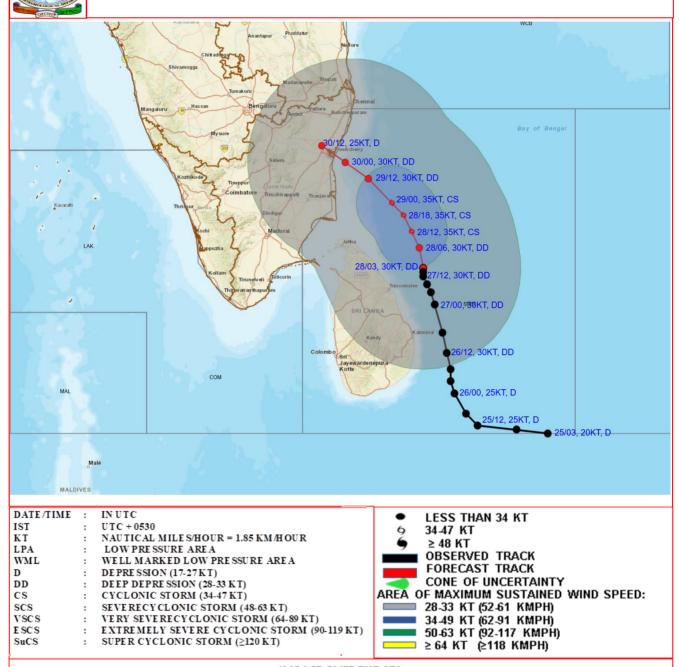
## Doppler Weather Radar Observation (Max Z) at Karaikal



## OBSERVED AND FORECAST TRACK ALONG WITH CONE OF UNCERTAINITY OF DEEP DEPRESSION OVER SOUTHWEST BAY OF BENGAL BASED ON 0300 UTC (0830 HRS. IST) OF 28<sup>TH</sup> NOVEMBER, 2024



# OBSERVED AND FORECAST TRACK ALONGWITH QUADRANT WIND DISTRIBUTION OF DEEP DEPRESSION OVER SOUTHWEST BAY OF BENGAL BASED ON 0300 UTC (0830 HRS. IST) OF 28<sup>TH</sup> NOVEMBER, 2024.



| IMPACT OVER THE SEA |                        |  |  |  |
|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| MSW (knot/kmph)     | Impact                 | Action                                 |  |  |
| 28-33 (52-61)       | Very rough seas        | Total suspension of fishing operations |  |  |
| 34-49 (62-91)       | High to very high seas | Total suspension of fishing operations |  |  |
| 50-63 (92-117)      | Very high seas         | Total suspension of fishing operations |  |  |
| ≥ 64 (≥118)         | Phenomenal             | Total suspension of fishing operations |  |  |

## **Flash Flood Guidance**

